

Rating the Ratings: A Comparison of Methods for Ranking College Ice Hockey Teams

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Hypothetical: Strong vs. Weak League

Use 12 teams in the Women's ECAC and divide into two leagues. Holly and Ivy. Assign team abilities so that

The Ivy league is stronger overall than Holly

Equivalent teams from both leagues can be paired.

• Average scoring rate $\mu = 3.0$. Home ice H=1.05

Schedule: 32 games in a season for each team

• 4 games vs. each league opponent

• 2 games vs. each team in the other league

Hypothetical Team Abilities

IVY	Off	Def	EWPct	HOLLY	Off	Def	EWPct
Dartmouth	4.8	1.7	.865	St. Lawrence	4.5	2.3	.764
Harvard	4.5	2.3	.764	Clarkson	3.0	3.0	.500
Princeton	2.6	2.0	.597	Colgate	2.4	2.9	.426
Yale	2.9	2.4	.574	Quinnipiac	2.0	2.6	.403
Brown	3.0	3.0	.500	Rensselaer	2.3	4.5	.236
Cornell	2.3	4.5	.236	Union	1.7	4.8	.135

A Typical Simulated Season

	W	L	т	WPct	RPI	Krach
Dartmouth	26	3	3	.859	.606	793
St. Lawrence	26	4	2	.844	.589	532
Harvard	23	6	3	.765	.580	448
Princeton	19	8	5	.672	.554	273
Colgate	16	13	3	.547	.506	106
Brown	16	15	1	.516	.511	111
Quinnipiac	15	14	3	.516	.497	91
Clarkson	14	17	1	.453	.480	67
Yale	11	18	3	.391	.476	69
Rensselaer	7	24	1	.234	.420	20
Cornell	5	27	0	.156	.411	17
Union	1	30	1	.047	.368	4

Results for 1000 simulated seasons

		Rank	(S 1s	t 2n	d	3rd	4th	5th	Av	gRnk	Higher	27492
	Wpct	Harva	rd 53	22	6	672	46	3	2	.72	23.2%	
	14/2 3.18	SLU	24	5 54	6	203	5	1	1	.97	76.8%	T.
	RPI	Harva	rd 78	39	4	485	41	2	2	.50	45.4%	
	476-53	SLU	10	8 45	8	401	31	2	2	.36	54.6%	Mallare .
	KRACH	Harva	rd 74	42	20	467	38	1	2	.47	47.6%	
		SLU	13	6 40	3	408	48	5	2	.38	52.4%	
[Avg.R	ank	WPct	RPI	KR	ACH	Avg	g.Rar	nk	WPc	t RPI	KRACH
	Brow	/n	7.22	6.67	6	.49	C	ornell		11.02	2 10.60	10.58
	Clarks	son	5.78	6.33	6	.50	Ren	ssela	er	10.06	6 10.51	10.53
	%Clrk>l	Brwn	76.3%	56.7%	49	.8%	%Rr	nsl>Cr	'nl	76.9%	6 53.2%	51.3%

Realistic Schedule: NCAA Women

Use the actual schedule from the 2006-7 season for 32 women's teams, with team abilities based on real game results and CHODR to simulate 1000 seasons.

League	Teams	Avg. Off.	Avg. Def	AvgEWpct	Avg. E(Rank)
WCHA	8	3.09	2.25	0.590	13.0
ECAC	12	2.67	2.76	0.497	16.2
СНА	4	2.70	2.80	0.473	17.9
Hockey East	8	2.36	3.01	0.428	19.8
		TANK STATES			

Niag

466

456

454

468

Which of equivalent teams is ranked higher?

WinPct

RPIw

RPIm

KRACH

5.5 Minn 0.793 5.5 New I 0.744 7 St. Law 8 Boston Co 0.68 10 Ohio_S 0.65 11 Colgat 12 Yale 0.56 13 Princ 0.56 14 Min 0.54 15 Clarkso 0.52 16 St. Cloud 18 Conr 0,47 19 Wayne 9 0.433 20 Bemidji_S 21.5 R 0,403 0.38 23 Boston_U 0.36 25 Quinn 0.305 0.28 0.251 27 Robert 28.5 North Dak 0.224 0.224 28.5 Cornell 31 Verm 0.06 32 Union 6.4 0.048

Rank Team

1 Wirco

2 Harvard

Wrong team "wins"?

Rens

534

544

546

532

WinPct

RPIw

RPIm

KRACH

	SCS	Prov		MnS	Clk		UND	NE
WinPct	317	683	WinPct	164	834	WinPct	69	931
RPIw	383	617	RPIw	282	718	RPIw	386	614
RPIm	433	567	RPIm	308	742	RPIm	431	569
KRACH	522	478	KRACH	487	513	KRACH	552	448

UND

124

243

258

435

Cor

876

718

692

513

Observations

 (Obviously) WPct is strongly biased to favor teams playing a weaker schedule.

• RPI still gives some advantage to teams from the weaker league, more so for the women's weights than the men's.

 KRACH does the best job of balancing equivalent teams from different strength leagues.

• Under each rating method a strong team (e.g. St. Lawrence in the hypothetical simulation) has a better chance of finishing first by playing in a weaker league, than an equivalent team (Harvard) that plays in a league with other strong teams.

References

1. John Whelan's RPI page:

http://slack.net/~whelan/tbrw/2007/rpi.shtml

2. USCHO's KRACH FAQ:

http://www.uscho.com/FAQs/?data=krach

3. Lock, R. and Danehy, T. "CHODR - Using Statistics to Predict College Hockey", STATS, Vol. 13, pp. 10-14

The problem:

 Assess methods for ranking teams that play a majority of their games within leagues that may differ in strength.

•The approach:

 Use Monte Carlo simulation of many seasons to compare the effectiveness of different ratings methods to rank order teams with assumed "known" abilities.

WPct: Raw Winning Percentage

•Ties count as 1/2 win

RPIw: Ratings Percentage Index¹

•Adjust for strength of opponents

RPIw = 0.3*WPct + 0.24*AvgOppWpct + 0.46*OppOppWPct

Or other weights, e.g. 25%, 21%, 54% for RPIm

KRACH: Ken's Rating for American College Hockey²

Recursively-defined Bradley-Terry model

$$KRACH = K_{You} = \frac{WinRatio}{\sum_{Games} \frac{1}{K_{You} + K_{Opp}}} * \sum_{Games} \frac{K_{Opp}}{K_{You} + K_{Op}}$$

Standardize so that WPct=0.500 → Krach=100

The CHODR³ simulation method:

When Team A plays Team B:

where

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Goals for A} \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda_{\text{AB}}) \\ \text{e} \quad \lambda_{AB} = \frac{Off_A \times Def_B}{A} \cdot H^{\pm 1} \end{array}$$

μ

 μ = average scoring rate, H = home ice advantage

The "true" rankings:

Assume a balanced schedule among all teams and use the CHODR Poisson scoring rates to compute a probability of winning vs. every other team. The expected winning percentage is

$$EWPct = \frac{\sum_{AllOpponents} P(Win) + \frac{1}{2} P(Tie)}{\#Opponents}$$

Rank teams by EWPct.

00	winn ct
	RPIw
	RPIm
	KRACH
0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 WPct	
Pox Pot *	Obsorvati

0.65

UMD UNH

804

591

526

501

Box Pot # ÷,

196

409

474

499

WinPct

RPIw

RPIm

Dartmout

KRACH



0.55 0.60